



Retrieval of the vertical profiles of water vapor and other chemical species in the Martian atmosphere using PACS

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PACS observations of Mars

The **Herschel** Space Observatory is an ESA mission for high spatial resolution observations in the FIR and sub-millimeter regime.

The Photodetector Array Camera & Spectrometer (**PACS**) is one of the three science instruments of the Herschel observatory.

PACS provides the Herschel Space Telescope with the capabilities for spectroscopy and imaging/photometry in the 55-210 μm range.

- guaranteed time key project “**Water and related chemistry in the solar system**” includes Mars observations.
- most Mars observations are planned at the beginning and the end of the observation window of March-July 2010, $L_s = 67^\circ\text{-}116^\circ$.
- Mars observations are planned to provide temporal coverage as large as possible.

MOLIERE

MOLIERE is a forward- and inverse- radiative transfer model for planetary atmospheres for millimeter and sub-millimeter wavelength range.

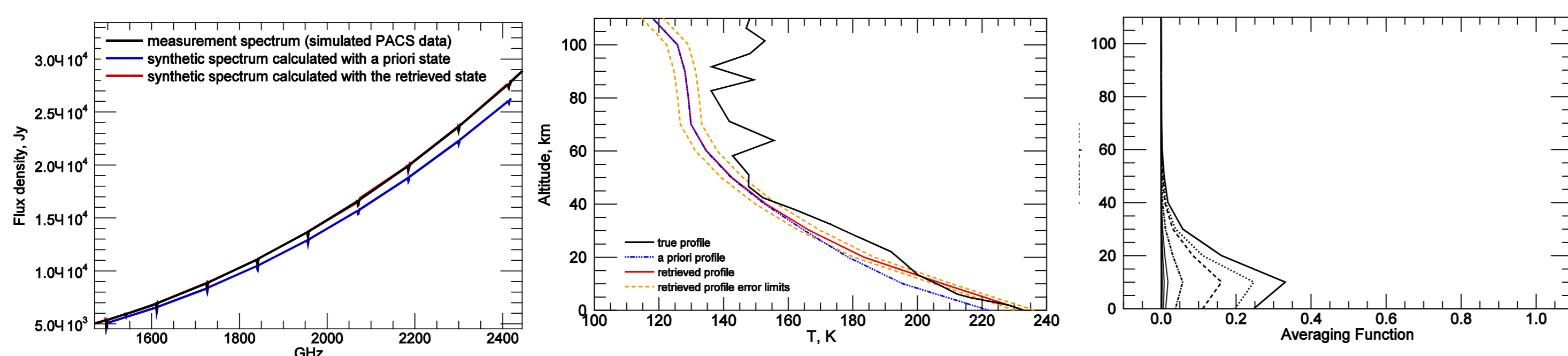
We used it

- ✓ to calculate synthetic PACS spectra of H_2O , CO and minor species in Martian atmosphere;
- ✓ to solve the inverse problem of retrieving H_2O and temperature profiles using these synthetic spectra.

Inputs that had to be adopted to our tasks:

- ✓ Martian atmospheric conditions;
- ✓ Herschel observation geometry .

Temperature retrievals using CO-lines

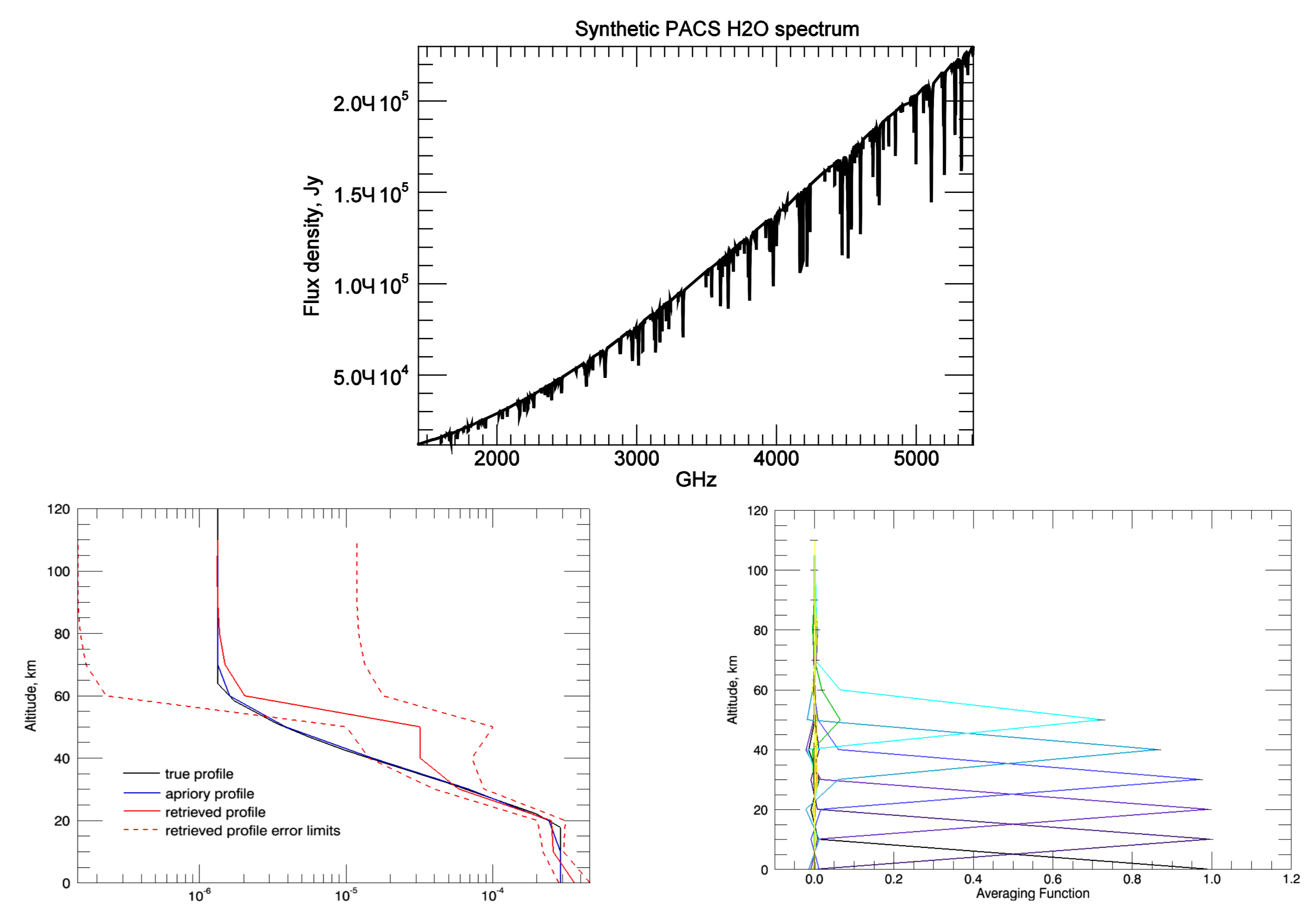


Only few CO absorption lines in PACS range

➔ Retrieval of temperature profile is not reliable

- ✓ PACS spectral range and/or spectral resolution of proposed observation mode is not sufficient for temperature profile retrieval.
- ✓ need external input for temperature profile (GCM? HIFI?)
- ✓ we are also planning joint observations with Mars Climate Sounder on MRO.

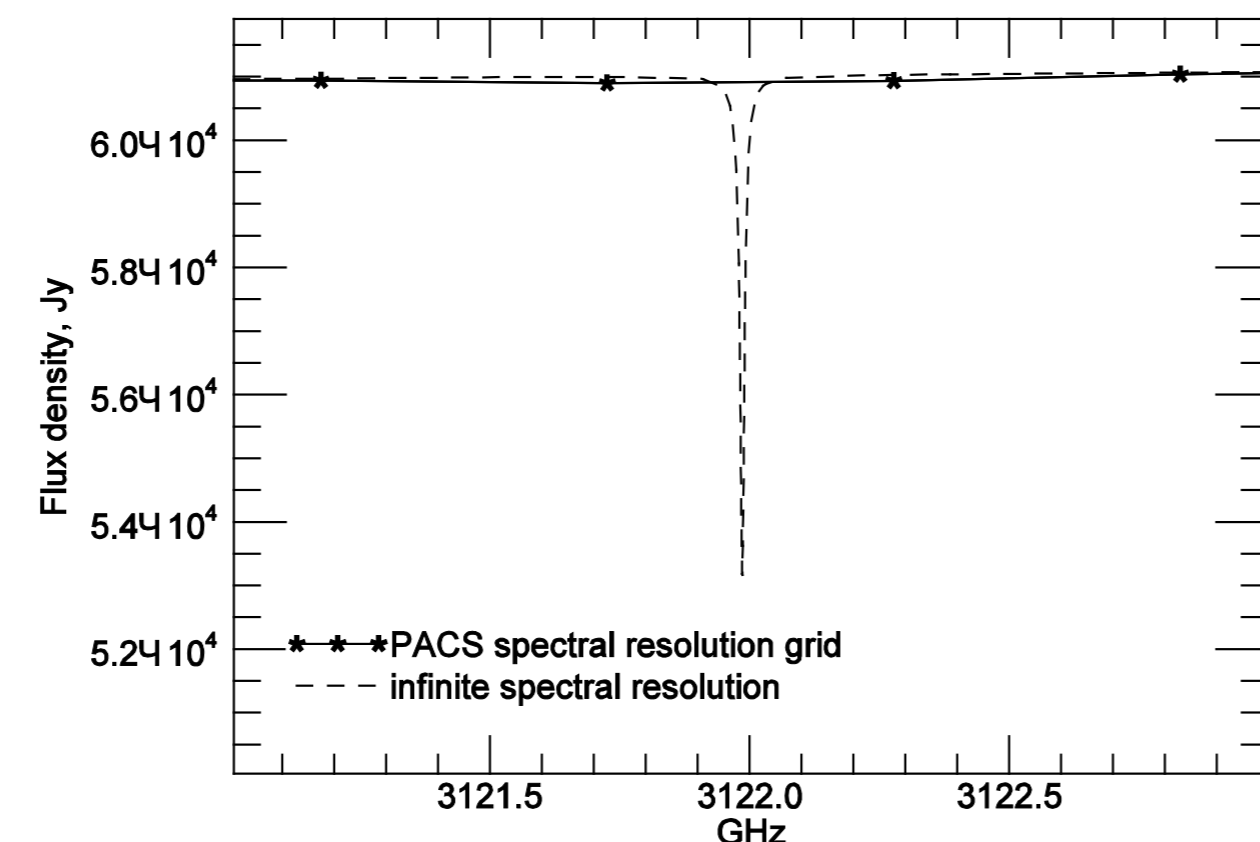
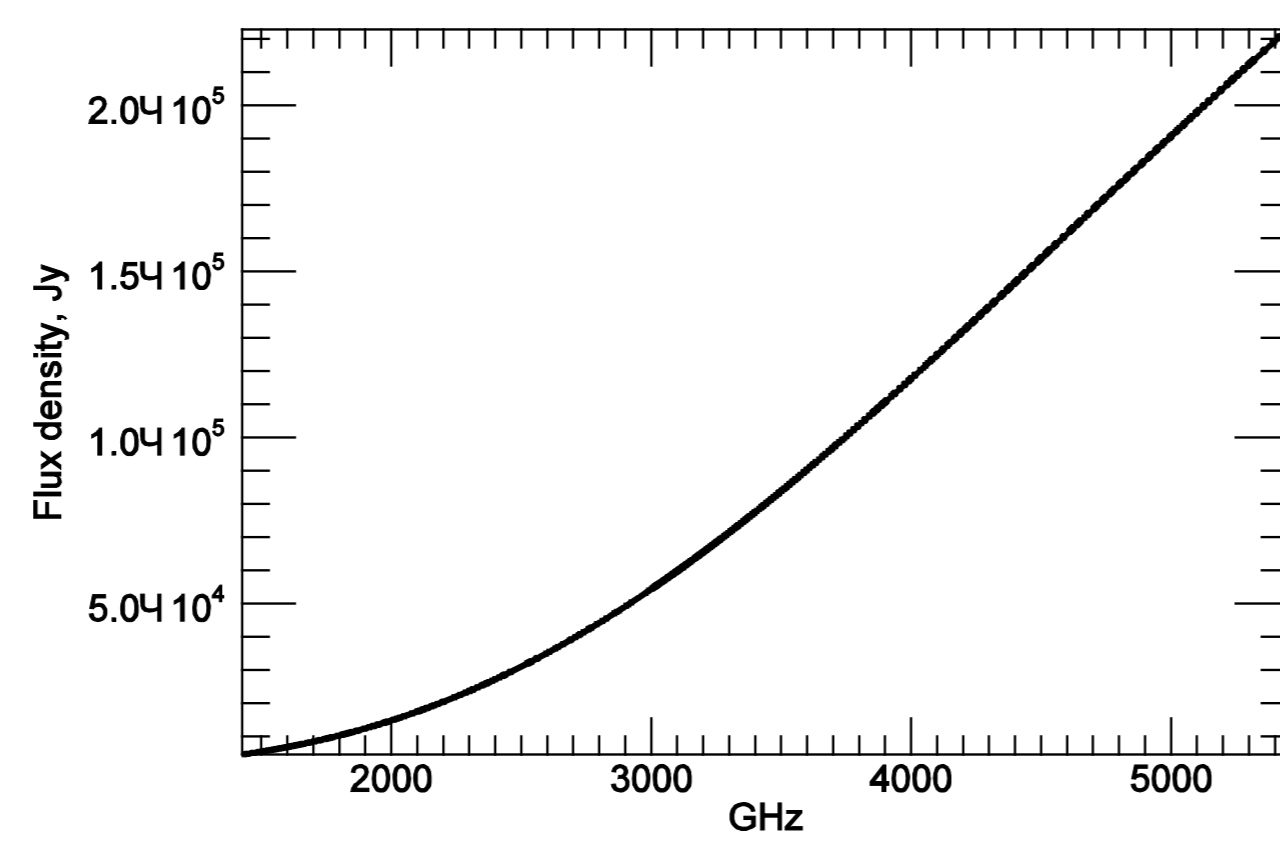
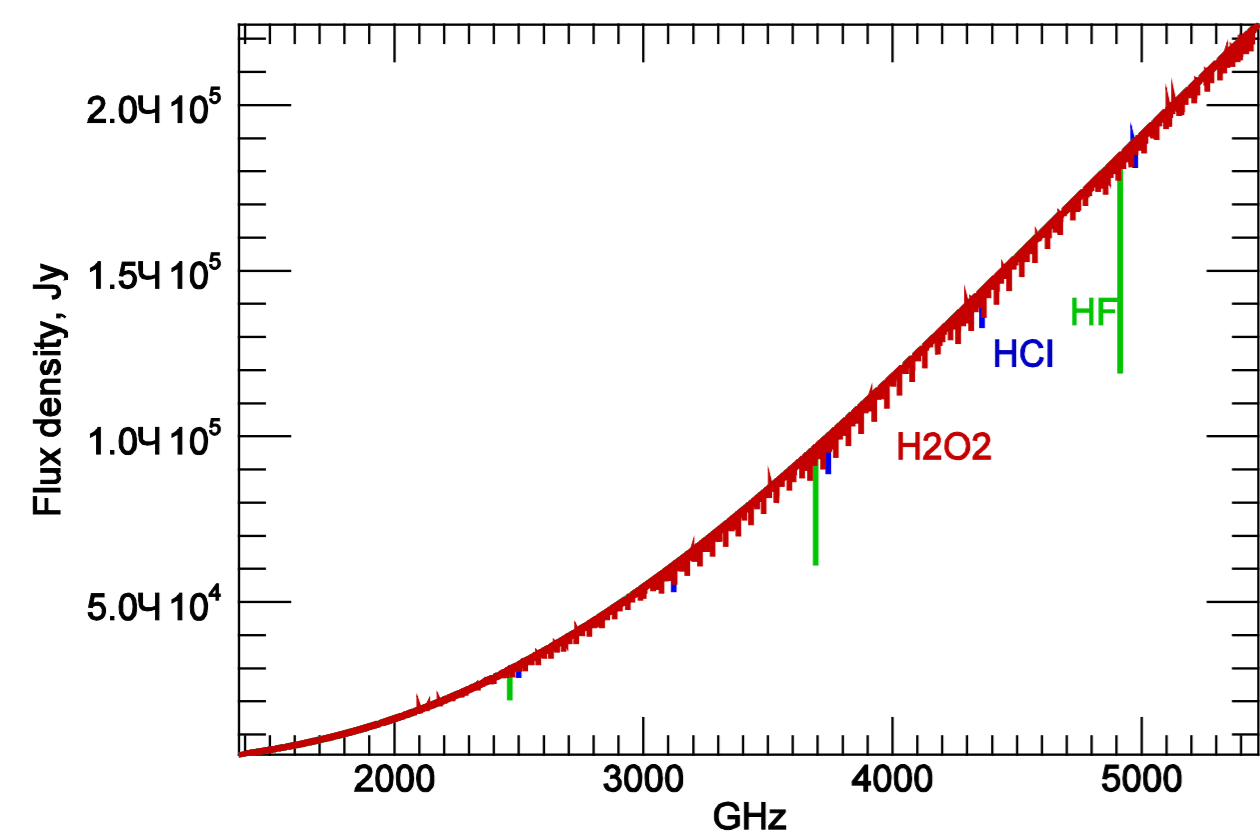
Water vapor profile retrievals



PACS allows to estimate H_2O vapor profile in lower atmospheric layers: up to 40 km.

Minor species detection?

Few gaseous molecular species have been spectroscopically identified in Martian atmosphere: CO_2 , CO , H_2O , O_2 , O_3 , H_2 , H_2O_2 . Photochemical models do predict the presence of a number of additional compounds, such as OH , HO_2 , NO , etc. (Nair et al., 1994; Lefevre et al., 2004; Sonnemann et al., 2007)



Lines can not be resolved by PACS because of low sampling rate.
Same for: O , O_2 , O_3 , NO , SO_2 , HF , HCl , H_2O_2

Conclusions

- Spectral lines of minor species of Martian atmosphere are too narrow to be detected by PACS in low sampling observation mode.
- Temperature profile can not be obtained from only PACS observations.
- Water profile can be calculated using PACS up to 40 km.

Future plans:

- to simulate D/H ratio retrieval with PACS.
- to get real data 😊